# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

B65C60

#### **Section 1. Identification** : ARMORSEAL® REXTHANE™ I Urethane Floor Coating **Product name** Clear **Product code** : B65C60 : Not available. Other means of identification **Product type** : Liquid. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable. Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 PROSPECT AVENUE, NW CLEVELAND, OHIO 44115 **Emergency telephone** : (216) 566-2917 number of the company **Product Information** : (800) 524-5979 **Telephone Number Regulatory Information** : (216) 566-2902 **Telephone Number**

### Section 2. Hazards identification

: (800) 424-9300

Transportation Emergency

**Telephone Number** 

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion- proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. VAPOR AND SPRAY MIST HARMFUL. Gives off harmful vapor of solvents and isocyanates. DO NOT USE IF YOU HAVE CHRONIC (LONG-TERM) LUNG OR BREATHING PROBLEMS, OR IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD A REACTION TO ISOCYANATES. USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. WHERE OVERSPRAY IS PRESENT, A POSITIVE PRESSURE AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR (NIOSH approved) SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT EXPOSURE. IF UNAVAILABLE, AN APPROPRIATE PROPERLY FITTED APPROVED NIOSH VAPOR/PARTICULATE RESPIRATOR MAY BE EFFECTIVE. Follow directions for respirator use. Wear the respirator for the whole time of spraying and until all vapors and mists are gone. If you have any breathing problems during use, LEAVE THE AREA and get fresh air. If problems remain or happen later, IMMEDIATELY call a doctor - If not available get emergency medical treatment. Have this label with you. Reacts with water in closed container to produce pressure which may cause container to burst.</li> <li>Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	71.89	28182-81-2
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	8.12	110-43-0
Xylene	5.98	1330-20-7
n-Butyl Acetate	4	123-86-4
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.83	95-63-6
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	1.22	64742-95-6
Ethylbenzene	1.04	100-41-4
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate	0.56	4083-64-1
Pentamethyliperidyl Sebacate	0.55	41556-26-7
UV Light Absorber	0.31	104810-48-2
Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer	0.27	104810-47-1
Cumene	0.24	98-82-8
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	0.19	77-58-7
Pentamethyliperidyl Sebacate	0.14	82919-37-7
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	0.12	822-06-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical
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### Section 4. First aid measures

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/	symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate	e medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

- **Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders
   No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)** 

Ingredient name		Exposure limits			
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
Xylene			ACGIH TLV (U TWA: 100 ppr TWA: 434 mg STEL: 150 ppr STEL: 651 mg	nited States, 3/2015). n 8 hours. /m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. m 15 minutes. g/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. hited States, 2/2013). n 8 hours.	
n-Butyl Acetate			ACGIH TLV (U TWA: 150 ppr STEL: 200 pp	nited States, 3/2015). n 8 hours.	
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1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).</b> TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. None.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate Pentamethyliperidyl Sebacate UV Light Absorber Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer Cumene	None. None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 8 hours.
Pentamethyliperidyl Sebacate Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minutes. CEIL: 0.14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as CN) 8 hours.
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#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	E	Exposure limits		
Dibutyltin Dilaurate		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin. 15 min OEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEV: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEV: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Sn) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Sn) 8 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use pr other engineering controls to keep worker or recommended or statutory limits. The eng vapor or dust concentrations below any low ventilation equipment.	exposure to airborne contaminants below any ineering controls also need to keep gas,		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of enviro cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection meas	ures			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly eating, smoking and using the lavatory and Appropriate techniques should be used to Contaminated work clothing should not be contaminated clothing before reusing. Ens showers are close to the workstation locati	at the end of the working period. remove potentially contaminated clothing. allowed out of the workplace. Wash sure that eyewash stations and safety		
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approve assessment indicates this is necessary to a gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the f the assessment indicates a higher degree	avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, following protection should be worn, unless		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	necessary. Considering the parameters sp during use that the gloves are still retaining	products if a risk assessment indicates this is becified by the glove manufacturer, check their protective properties. It should be glove material may be different for different res, consisting of several substances, the		

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 123°C (253.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 43°C (109.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 12.1%
Vapor pressure	: 0.18 kPa (1.333 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 3.66 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.06
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	<ul> <li>Kinematic (room temperature): &lt;0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (&lt;20.5 cSt)</li> <li>Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): &lt;0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (&lt;20.5 cSt)</li> </ul>
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 9.346 kJ/g

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2071 mg/kg	-
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
loginer	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 14	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	milligrams 87 milligrams	-
,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	microliters 24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 100 Percent	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 100	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	microliters 500	-
-				milligrams	
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	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-		
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-		
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-		
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 milligrams	-		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	-		
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-		
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-		
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-		

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene Ethylbenzene Cumene	- -	3 2B 2B	- - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract

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Cumene	Category 3	Not applicable.	irritation Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects		
Dibutyltin Dilaurate Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	Category 1 Category 3	Not determined Not applicable.	Not determined Respiratory tract irritation		

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Xylene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Cumene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Category 1	Oral	Not determined

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
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Ind	est	ion
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: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>
Not available.	
General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	13001.7 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	83650 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	15.07 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

Т	oxi	C	itv
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
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# Section 12. Ecological information

		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 2600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7400 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10600 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone Xylene n-Butyl Acetate Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Ethylbenzene	- - - -	- - - -	Readily Readily Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	-	367.7	low
Xylene	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
Cumene Dibutyltin Dilaurate	-	35.48 2.91	low low
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	-	57.63	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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# Section 14. Transport information

DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
3	3	3	3	3
III	Ш	Ш	111	
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).	-		Emergency schedules (EmS F-E, S-E
	ERG No.			
s for user : Multi-n consid mode suitabl prior to respor unloac	l nodal shipping descr ler container sizes. T of transport (sea, air ly for that mode of tra o shipment, and com nsibility of the person ling dangerous good	iptions are provided he presence of a sh , etc.), does not indi ansport. All packagin pliance with the app offering the produc	hipping description icate that the produ- ing must be review blicable regulations t for transport. Peo n all of the risks de	for a particular uct is packaged ed for suitability is the sole ople loading and
	Classification UN1263 PAINT 3 ivelastical VAINT 3 ivelastical VAINT 3 ivelastical VAINT 3 ivelastical VAINT Value	ClassificationClassificationUN1263UN1263PAINTPAINT33✓✓✓✓✓✓IIIIIINo.No.This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).IS for userMultiwold shipping descr consider container sizes. T mode of transport (sea, air suitably for that mode of tra prior to shipment, and com responsibility of the person unloading dangerous good	ClassificationClassificationClassificationUN1263UN1263UN1263PAINTPAINTPAINT33Image: Construct of the second seco	ClassificationClassificationClassificationUN1263UN1263UN1263UN1263PAINTPAINTPAINTPAINT3333IIIIIIIIIIIINo.No.No.No.This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.FRG No.ERG No.1285 for user :Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description mode of transport All packages must be trained on all of the applicable regulations: 2.128128S for user :Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description sizes of the applicable regulations responsibility of the preson offering the product reportable quantity.128I 101-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description sizes not indicate the product reportable quantity.128I 101-modal shipping tescriptions are provided for informational consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description sizes not indicate the product sizes no

Proper shipping name	: Not available.
Ship type	: Not available.
Pollution category	: Not available.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **SARA 313**

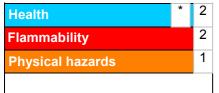
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

#### Classification

**History** 

revision

Version

**Date of printing** 

Date of issue/Date of

Date of previous issue

Key to abbreviations

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION **RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Categor SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Ca TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SI EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - C SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (RE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 **ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1** 

#### Justification

	Justification
egory 3 ) - Category 4 ON - Category 2 E IRRITATION - Category 2A ION - Category 1 gory 1 ory 2 (Fertility) - Category 1B (Unborn child) - Category 1B TOXICITY (SINGLE ct irritation) - Category 3 TOXICITY (REPEATED	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
egory 1	Calculation method
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: 3	
IATA = International Air Tra IBC = Intermediate Bulk Co IMDG = International Maritir	ctor d System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals nsport Association ntainer

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

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### Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.